

## Drug Conviction and Financial Aid Eligibility

If a student has a federal or state drug conviction during a period of enrollment for which the student was receiving federal aid, the student is disqualified from federal financial aid funding. Students self-report this information on the FAFSA. Question 23 on the FAFSA form asks if the student has ever been convicted of a drug related offense. Answering this question falsely, if discovered, could result in fines up to \$20,000, imprisonment, or both. **In situations of conflicting information, the School is required to confirm this information.** Students convicted of drug offenses committed while receiving Federal Financial Aid may be ineligible for federal financial aid for one (1) or more years from the date of conviction. Federal Aid includes:

- Federal Student Loans
- Federal Grants
- Federal Work Study

## Penalties for Drug Convictions in Eligibility

### Possession of Illegal Drugs:

- First Offense: One (1) year from the date of conviction
- Second Offense: Two (2) years from the date of conviction
- Third and Subsequent Offenses: Indefinite ineligibility from the date of conviction

### Sale of Illegal Drugs:

- First Offense: Two (2) years from the date of conviction
- Second and Subsequent Offenses: Indefinite ineligibility from the date of conviction

## Regaining Eligibility After a Drug Conviction

You can regain eligibility for the federal programs no matter how many or what type of drug convictions you have if you successfully complete an acceptable drug rehabilitation program that meets the standards set by Congress and the Department of Education. You will regain eligibility on the date you complete the program.

An acceptable drug rehabilitation program requires passing TWO (2) unannounced drug tests AND be either:

1. Qualified to receive funds from a federal, state or local government agency or program, or from a state or federally licensed insurance company, or
2. Administered or recognized by a federal, state or local government agency or court, or by a state or federally licensed hospital, health clinic, or medical doctor.

## Convictions During Enrollment

According to the United States Department of Education, if a student is convicted of a drug offense after receiving Federal aid, he or she must notify the Financial Aid Office immediately and that student will be ineligible for further aid and required to pay back all aid received after the conviction.